



## **SAFETY DATA SHEET**

# **GLOBAL RIGITHANE 202 PART A**

Infosafe No.: LQBL1  
ISSUED Date : 22/02/2023  
ISSUED by: GLOBAL SEALING SERVICES  
PTY LTD

## **Section 1 - Identification**

### **Product Identifier**

GLOBAL RIGITHANE 202 PART A

### **Company Name**

GLOBAL SEALING SERVICES PTY LTD (ABN 52 189 407 505)

### **Address**

17 Ryelane Street Maddington  
WA AUSTRALIA

### **Telephone/Fax Number**

Tel: 1300 577 719  
Fax: 1300 366 353

### **E-mail Address**

[global@sealingservices.com.au](mailto:global@sealingservices.com.au)

### **Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use**

Isocyanate component for polyurethane foam systems.

## **Section 2 - Hazard(s) Identification**

### **GHS classification of the substance/mixture**

Classified as Hazardous according to the Globally Harmonised System of Classification and labelling of Chemicals (GHS) including Work, Health and Safety regulations, Australia.

Not classified as Dangerous Goods according to the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail. (7th edition)

Acute toxicity: Category 4 - Oral

Skin corrosion/irritation: Category 2

Eye damage/irritation: Category 2A

Sensitisation - respiratory: Category 1

Sensitisation - skin: Category 1

Carcinogenicity: Category 2

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure): Category 3 (Respiratory tract irritation)

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure): Category 1

### **Signal Word (s)**

DANGER

### **Hazard Statement (s)**

H302 Harmful if swallowed.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.



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H319 Causes serious eye irritation.  
H334 May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.  
H335 May cause respiratory irritation.  
H351 Suspected of causing cancer.  
H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

### Pictogram (s)

Exclamation mark, Health hazard



### Precautionary Statement – Prevention

P201 Obtain special instructions before use.  
P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.  
P260 Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.  
P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.  
P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.  
P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.  
P272 Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.  
P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.  
P284 [In case of inadequate ventilation] wear respiratory protection.

### Precautionary Statement – Response

P308+P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.  
P301+P312 IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER/doctor if you feel unwell.  
P330 Rinse mouth.  
P302+P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.  
P333+P313 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.  
P362+P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.  
P304+P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.  
P342+P311 If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a POISON CENTER/doctor.  
P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.  
P337+P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

### Precautionary Statement – Storage

P403+P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.  
P405 Store locked up.

### Precautionary Statement – Disposal

P501 Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant.

## Section 3 - Composition and Information on Ingredients

### Ingredients

Name	CAS	Proportion
Isocyanic acid, polymethylenepolyphenylene ester	9016-87-9	100 %



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### **Section 4 - First Aid Measures**

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#### **Inhalation**

If inhaled, remove affected person from contaminated area. Apply artificial respiration if not breathing. Seek medical attention.

#### **Ingestion**

Do not induce vomiting. Wash out mouth thoroughly with water. Seek immediate medical attention.

#### **Skin**

Remove all contaminated clothing immediately. Wash affected area thoroughly with soap and water. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse or discard. Seek medical attention.

#### **Eye**

If in eyes, hold eyelids apart and flush the eyes continuously with running water. Remove contact lenses. Continue flushing for several minutes until all contaminants are washed out completely. Seek medical attention.

#### **First Aid Facilities**

Eyewash, safety shower and normal washroom facilities.

#### **Advice to Doctor**

Treat symptomatically.

#### **Other Information**

For advice in an emergency, contact a Poisons Information Centre (Phone Australia 131 126) or a doctor at once.

### **Section 5 - Firefighting Measures**

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#### **Suitable Extinguishing Media**

Use water fog (or if unavailable fine water spray), alcohol resistant foam, standard foam, dry agent (carbon dioxide, dry chemical powder).

#### **Hazards from Combustion Products**

Under fire conditions this product may emit toxic and/or irritating fumes, smoke and gases including carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, hydrogen cyanide and oxides of nitrogen.

#### **Specific hazards arising from the chemical**

This product will burn if exposed to fire.

#### **Decomposition Temperature**

Not available

#### **Precautions in connection with Fire**

Fire fighters should wear Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus (SCBA) operated in positive pressure mode and full protective clothing to prevent exposure to vapours or fumes. Water spray may be used to cool down heat-exposed containers. Fight fire from safe location. This product should be prevented from entering drains and watercourses.



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### **Section 6 - Accidental Release Measures**

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#### **Emergency Procedures**

Wear appropriate personal protective equipment and clothing to prevent exposure. Extinguish or remove all sources of ignition and stop leak if safe to do so. Increase ventilation. Evacuate all unprotected personnel. If possible contain the spill. Place inert absorbent, non-combustible material onto spillage. Use clean non-sparking tools to collect the material and place into suitable labelled containers for subsequent recycling or disposal. Dispose of waste according to the applicable local and national regulations. If contamination of sewers or waterways occurs inform the local water and waste management authorities in accordance with local regulations.

### **Section 7 - Handling and Storage**

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#### **Precautions for Safe Handling**

Avoid inhalation of vapours and mists, and skin or eye contact. Use only in a well ventilated area. Keep containers sealed when not in use. Prevent the build up of mists or vapours in the work atmosphere. Do not use near ignition sources. Do not pressurise, cut, heat or weld containers as they may contain hazardous residues. Maintain high standards of personal hygiene by washing hands prior to eating, drinking, smoking or using toilet facilities.

#### **Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities**

Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated area away from sources of ignition, oxidising agents, strong acids, foodstuffs, and clothing. Keep containers closed when not in use, securely sealed and protected against physical damage. Inspect regularly for deficiencies such as damage or leaks. Have appropriate fire extinguishers available in and near the storage area. Take precautions against static electricity discharges. Use proper grounding procedures. Ensure that storage conditions comply with applicable local and national regulations.

For information on the design of the storeroom, reference should be made to Australian Standard AS1940 (2017)- The storage and handling of flammable and combustible liquids.

#### **Storage Regulations**

Classified as a Class C2 (COMBUSTIBLE LIQUID) for the purpose of storage and handling, in accordance with the requirements of AS1940 (2017).

### **Section 8 - Exposure Controls and Personal Protection**

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#### **Occupational exposure limit values**

No exposure standards have been established for this material. However, the available exposure limits for ingredients are listed below:

Isocyanate

TWA: 0.02 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

STEL: 0.07 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

Notices: Sen

TWA (Time Weighted Average): The average airborne concentration of a particular substance when calculated over a normal eight-hour working day, for a five-day week.

STEL (Short Term Exposure Limit): The average airborne concentration over a 15 minute period which should not be exceeded at any time during a normal eight-hour workday.

'Sen' Notice: The substance may cause sensitization by skin contact or by inhalation.



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Source: Safe Work Australia

### **Biological Monitoring**

No biological limits allocated.

### **Control Banding**

Not available

### **Engineering Controls**

This substance is hazardous and should be used with a local exhaust ventilation system, drawing vapours away from workers' breathing zone. A flame-proof exhaust ventilation system is required. If the engineering controls are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of vapours/mists below the exposure standards, suitable respiratory protection must be worn. Refer to relevant regulations for further information concerning ventilation requirements.

### **Respiratory Protection**

If engineering controls are not effective in controlling airborne exposure then an approved respirator with a replaceable vapor/mist filter should be used. Refer to relevant regulations for further information concerning respiratory protective requirements.

Reference should be made to Australian Standards AS/NZS 1715, Selection, Use and Maintenance of Respiratory Protective Devices; and AS/NZS 1716, Respiratory Protective Devices, in order to make any necessary changes for individual circumstances.

### **Eye and Face Protection**

Safety glasses with side shields, chemical goggles or full-face shield as appropriate should be used. Final choice of appropriate eye/face protection will vary according to individual circumstances. Eye protection devices should conform to relevant regulations.

Eye protection should conform with Australian/New Zealand Standard AS/NZS 1337 (series) - Eye Protectors for Industrial Applications.

### **Hand Protection**

Wear gloves of impervious material. Butyl rubber, nitrile rubber, polyethylene, polyvinyl alcohol (PVA), polyvinyl chloride (PVC) should be suitable for intermittent contact. Final choice of appropriate gloves will vary according to individual circumstances. i.e. methods of handling or according to risk assessments undertaken. Occupational protective gloves should conform to relevant regulations.

Reference should be made to AS/NZS 2161.1: Occupational protective gloves - Selection, use and maintenance.

### **Thermal Hazards**

No further relevant information available.

### **Body Protection**

Suitable protective workwear, e.g. cotton overalls buttoned at neck and wrist is recommended. Chemical resistant apron is recommended where large quantities are handled.



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### Section 9 - Physical and Chemical Properties

Properties	Description	Properties	Description
Form	Liquid	Appearance	Liquid
Colour	Brown	Odour	Musty
Melting Point	Not available	Boiling Point	Decomposes prior to boiling
Decomposition Temperature	Not available	Solubility in Water	Insoluble, reacts with evolution of carbon dioxide
Specific Gravity	1.23	pH	Not available
Vapour Pressure	<0.00001 mmHg (25°C) (Literature)	Relative Vapour Density (Air=1)	8.5 (Literature)
Evaporation Rate	Not available	Odour Threshold	0.4ppm (Based on Literature for MDI, Odour is inadequate warning of excessive exposure)
Viscosity	160-240 mPa.s (at 25°C)	Volatile Component	Not available
Partition Coefficient: n-octanol/water (log value)	Reacts with water	Flash Point	> 204°C (closed cup) (Literature)
Flammability	Non-flammable	Auto-Ignition Temperature	600°C (Literature)
Flammable Limits - Lower	Not available	Flammable Limits - Upper	Not available
Explosion Properties	Not explosive	Oxidising Properties	Not oxidising
Particle Characteristics	Not available		

### Section 10 - Stability and Reactivity

#### Reactivity

Reacts with incompatible materials. Reacts with water generating carbon dioxide.

#### Chemical Stability

Stable under normal conditions of storage and handling.

#### Possibility of hazardous reactions

No known hazardous reactions.

#### Conditions to Avoid

Heat, open flames and other sources of ignition. Avoid humidity and exposure to water.

#### Incompatible Materials

Oxidising agents. Water.



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### Hazardous Decomposition Products

Under fire conditions this product may emit toxic and/or irritating fumes, smoke and gases including carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, hydrogen cyanide and oxides of nitrogen.

### Hazardous Polymerization

Not available

## Section 11 - Toxicological Information

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### Toxicology Information

Acute toxicity estimate (ATE) (based on ingredients) is given below:

#### Acute Toxicity - Oral

Acute toxicity estimate (based on ingredients): between 300 - 2,000 mg/Kg

#### Acute Toxicity - Dermal

Acute toxicity estimate (based on ingredients): > 2,000 mg/Kg

#### Acute Toxicity - Inhalation

Acute toxicity estimate (based on ingredients): > 20.0 mg/L for vapours or > 5.0 mg/L for dust and mist.

### Ingestion

Harmful if swallowed. Ingestion of this product may cause irritation to the mouth, throat, oesophagus and stomach with symptoms of nausea, abdominal discomfort, vomiting and diarrhoea.

### Inhalation

May cause respiratory irritation. Inhalation of product vapours can cause irritation of the nose, throat and respiratory system. May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.

### Skin

Causes skin irritation. Skin contact will cause redness, itching and swelling. Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness and cracking and may lead to dermatitis. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

### Eye

Causes serious eye irritation. On eye contact this product will cause tearing, stinging, blurred vision, and redness.

### Respiratory Sensitisation

May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.

### Skin Sensitisation

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

### Germ Cell Mutagenicity

Not considered to be a mutagenic hazard.

### Carcinogenicity

Suspected of causing cancer. Classified as a suspected human carcinogen.

Polymethylene polyphenyl isocyanate (CAS 9016-87-9) is listed as a Group 3: Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans according to International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC).

### Reproductive Toxicity

Not considered to be toxic to reproduction.

### STOT - Single Exposure

May cause respiratory irritation.





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### **STOT - Repeated Exposure**

Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

### **Aspiration Hazard**

Not expected to be an aspiration hazard.

## **Section 12 - Ecological Information**

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### **Ecotoxicity**

Acute toxicity estimate (based on ingredients): > 100 mg/L

### **Persistence and degradability**

Not available

### **Mobility**

Not available

### **Bioaccumulative Potential**

Not available

### **Other Adverse Effects**

Not available

### **Environmental Protection**

Prevent this material entering waterways, drains and sewers.

### **Hazardous to the Ozone Layer**

This product is not expected to deplete the ozone layer.

## **Section 13 - Disposal Considerations**

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### **Disposal Considerations**

The disposal of the spilled or waste material must be done in accordance with applicable local and national regulations. To minimise personal exposure, refer to Section 8 - Exposure Controls and Personal Protection.

## **Section 14 - Transport Information**

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### **Transport Information**

Road and Rail Transport (ADG Code):

Not classified as Dangerous Goods according to the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail (ADG Code) (7th edition).

Marine Transport (IMO/IMDG):

Not classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG Code) for transport by sea.

Air Transport (ICAO/IATA):

Not classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the International Air Transport Association (IATA) Dangerous Goods Regulations for transport by air.

### **ADG U.N. Number**

None Allocated





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**ADG Proper Shipping Name**

None Allocated

**ADG Transport Hazard Class**

None Allocated

**Special Precautions for User**

Not available

**IMDG Marine pollutant**

No

**Transport in Bulk**

Not available

### **Section 15 - Regulatory Information**

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**Regulatory Information**

Classified as Hazardous according to the Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals (GHS) including Work, Health and Safety Regulations, Australia.

Classified as a Scheduled Poison according to the Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP).

**Poisons Schedule**

S6

**Montreal Protocol**

Not listed

**Stockholm Convention**

Not listed

**Rotterdam Convention**

Not listed

**International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships (MARPOL)**

Not available

**Agricultural and Veterinary Chemicals Act 1994**

Not listed

**Basel Convention**

Not listed

### **Section 16 - Any Other Relevant Information**

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**Date of Preparation**

SDS created: February 2023

**Version Number**

1.0

**Literature References**

Preparation of Safety Data Sheets for Hazardous Chemicals Code of Practice.



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Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons.  
Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road & Rail.  
Work Health and Safety Regulations, Schedule 10: Prohibited carcinogens, restricted carcinogens and restricted hazardous chemicals.  
Code of Practice for Supply Diversion into Illicit Drug Manufacture.  
National Code of Practice for Chemicals of Security Concern.  
Agricultural Compounds and Veterinary Chemicals Act.  
International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) Monographs.  
Montreal Protocol on Substances that Deplete the Ozone Layer.  
Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants (POPs).  
Rotterdam Convention on the Prior Informed Consent Procedure for Certain Hazardous Chemicals and Pesticides in International Trade.  
Basel Convention on the Control of Transboundary Movements of Hazardous Wastes and Their Disposal.  
International Air Transport Association (IATA) Dangerous Goods Regulations.  
International Maritime Dangerous Goods (IMDG) Code.  
Workplace exposure standards for airborne contaminants.  
Adopted biological exposure determinants, American Conference of Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH).  
Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals. (7th revised edition)  
Code of Practice: Managing Noise and Preventing Hearing Loss at Work.

## **END OF SDS**

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